UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	-x :
-against-	: <u>PROTECTIVE ORDER</u>
KARA STERNQUIST, also known as "Cara Sandiego" and "Kara Withersea,"	DOCKET No. 22-cr-473(DLI)
Defendant.	: : -x

DORA L. IRIZARRY, United States District Judge:

PROTECTIVE ORDER GOVERNING THE DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

To expedite the flow of discovery material between the parties, facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality, adequately protect personal identifying information ("PII") entitled to be kept confidential, and ensure that protection is afforded only to material so entitled, it is, pursuant to the Court's authority under Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 16, and with the consent of the parties, ORDERED as follows:

(1) Production of Confidential Information by the United States

The United States may produce material that either explicitly contains or effectively reveals certain PII (including addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, passport numbers, Social Security account numbers or other identifying numbers, photographs, contact information, and bank account numbers and other identifying financial information) of other individuals pursuant to the defendant's discovery requests.

Upon producing any such material to the defendant, the United States shall designate the material as confidential ("the Confidential Material"). The defendant may challenge the confidential designation. Absent permission from the Court, the defendant and his attorneys

shall not disclose or show Confidential Material to anyone other than: (i) the defendant; (ii) the defendant's attorneys and their employees; (iii) outside experts or consultants retained for the purposes of this case, provided that no disclosure shall occur until each such expert or consultant has been provided with a copy of this Order and agreed in writing to abide by it; (iv) independent copying services and other independent litigation support services retained for purposes of this case, provided that no disclosure shall occur until any such service has been provided with a copy of this Order and agreed in writing to abide by it; (v) persons who are identified by the relevant document as an author, sender, or recipient of such document in the ordinary course of business; and (vi) the Court and persons employed by the Court. The parties shall not file documents containing Confidential Material or submit them to the Court or reproduce their contents in any court filing unless the document or filing is placed under seal or all Confidential Material has been removed or redacted in accordance with Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 49.1. Within 90 days of the final conclusion of this litigation, the defendant shall return the Confidential Material and all copies, as well as all notes, memoranda, summaries, or other documents containing information from the Confidential Material, to counsel for the United States, or shall destroy them and certify in writing to counsel for the United States that the Confidential Material has been destroyed.¹

(2) Confidential Information in Open Court

The procedures for use of Confidential Material during any hearing or the trial of this matter shall be determined by the parties and the Court in advance of the hearing or trial. The parties shall consider, among other things, redacting Confidential Material to remove individual identifiers and other confidential information, making a request to the Court to submit such

¹ Counsel for the defendant may keep one copy of documents containing Confidential Material for as long as necessary to comply with counsel's ethical duties to preserve such information. After that time has expired, counsel will comply with the same procedure outlined here.

documents under seal, coding the documents to substitute a numerical or other designation for

identifying information, requesting that any exhibit be placed under seal, and introducing summary

evidence where practicable, which may be more easily redacted. No party shall disclose

Confidential Material in open Court without prior consideration by the Court.

No Waiver **(3)**

The failure to designate any materials as provided in paragraph (1) shall not

constitute a waiver of a party's assertion that the materials are covered by this Protective Order.

No Ruling on Discoverability Nor Admissibility **(4)**

This Protective Order does not constitute a ruling on the question of whether any

particular material is properly discoverable or admissible and does not constitute any ruling on any

potential objection to the discoverability of any material.

SO ORDERED.

DATED: Brooklyn, New York

February 7, 2023

Hon. Dora L. Trizarry

United States District Judge

Dora L. Arizarry

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